

THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL XVII

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, JANUARY 29, 1910

NO. 5

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CITY BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Indorses Panama-Pacific Exposition, Favors a San Mateo County County Exhibit, and Suggests This City as Site

The City Board of Trustees held its usual weekly meeting last Monday night, with all members present.

A communication was received from the San Mateo Board of Trade asking the board to unite with that organization in a movement to raise funds for a county exhibit at the Panama-Pacific Exposition to be given in San Francisco in 1915, in honor of the opening of the Panama Canal.

The resolutions are as follows:

"Whereas, We believe that the interests of San Mateo county are so intimately identified with those of San Francisco that whatever is of advantage to that city must necessarily bring corresponding benefits to this county, therefore, be it

"Resolved, That this Board of Trade most heartily indorses the proposed Panama-Pacific International Exposition, and hereby pledges its loyal support and co-operation in making it a success.

"Resolved further, That we invite all other public bodies in San Mateo county to unite with the San Mateo Board of Trade in a concerted plan of action to secure a suitable representation and exhibits at said exposition."

The communication was accepted and ordered placed on file.

Attorney Styles was authorized to prepare a petition to be signed by citizens of this city asking the Board of Supervisors to levy a special tax sufficient to raise \$3000 per year for the next five years for the purpose of erecting a county building and providing exhibits for it, as suggested in this communication.

Judge E. E. Cunningham appeared before the board and in convincing

words presented the following resolutions for the board's consideration:

"Whereas, A great movement has been inaugurated for holding an International Exposition at San Francisco in 1915, to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal; and

"Whereas, This city of South San Francisco is in reality a part of San Francisco, and vitally interested in the success of the aforesaid announcement; and

"Whereas, A most eligible and in every way suitable site for said exposition can be secured within the corporate limits of this city, comprising some 1500 acres of land fronting the bay of San Francisco, with steam and electric cars and water transportation; be it

"Resolved, That the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco earnestly favors the proposed exposition and hereby pledges its hearty support and co-operation to make it a success; that it also favors a liberal exhibit by this city and by the county of San Mateo at said exposition; and that it recommends the site hereinbefore mentioned to the favorable consideration of those authorized to choose a suitable site for said exposition."

Upon motion of Trustee Hickey, seconded by Trustee Gaerdes, the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Clerk Smith was instructed to have copies made and sent to the Exposition Committee and press in San Francisco, and the San Mateo Board of Trade and press of San Mateo County.

Communications were read from two nurseries offering to supply this city

LOCAL HAPPENINGS TOLD IN BRIEF

Residents of South San Francisco are asked to furnish this office with any news items that they know of from time to time. There is a letter box attached to our front door, in which written items can be placed. Please write on one side of paper and sign your name to it. THE ENTERPRISE desires to print all the local happenings, and the people of South San Francisco can be of material help.

The Independent Voters' Club will give a stag social for its members on the evening of February 19th.

Be sure to attend the ball to be given by the South City Catchy Three next Saturday night at Metropolitan Hall.

A citizens meeting will be held at the City Board of Trustees room tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. Important matters will be discussed.

The Bank of South San Francisco has returned to County Treasurer Chamberlain \$30,000 which has been on deposit in its vaults for some time.

You will have the time of your life if you will attend the all-night dance to be given by the South City Catchy Three on Saturday night, February 5th.

Don't forget the Social Dance given by White Eagle Circle No 66 on Monday evening, January 31, 1910 at Metropolitan Hall. Good music. Admission 25 cents.

The South City Social Club gave a very enjoyable all-night ball last Saturday night. There was a large attendance, and it was a successful affair throughout.

The Peninsula Promotion League has indorsed the suggestion of the San Mateo Board of Trade to give a San Mateo County exhibit at the Panama-Pacific Exposition in 1915.

While playfully scuffling with his brother-in-law, Olie Robins, last Monday, Chas. Dean had his right leg broken near the ankle. Dr. Plymire was called in and set it. Mr. Dean will be confined to his home for several weeks.

John Clifford, who formerly conducted the McMahon House, on the Mission road near Holy Cross Cemetery, has purchased the Magnolia Hotel, at Santa Rosa, Sonoma county, where he would be pleased to see any of his old San Mateo county friends when they visit that city. See ad. in another column.

Members of the Accident Insurance Association at W. P. Fullers Factory held its annual meeting Monday last, the noon hour, a majority of the employees being present. The report of the executive committee was presented by W. W. Braun and unanimously adopted. The old officers were honored by re-election as follows: Harry Adams (chairman), J. Still, W. W. Braun, Jas. Burcham, C. Giles and J. Cox (secretary). The association treasury contains a balance of \$1700, and starts on its third year ready to assist those members who may need medical aid in case of injury; and if from such accident, cease to work and live, then a sufficient amount is provided to carry out the last sad rites as becomes those who toil.

which was partially damaged by fire a few weeks ago while stored in a barn owned by A. T. Smith, and see if it has been properly repaired and report back at next meeting. The committee was also instructed to make arrangements for its storage.

There has been established at San Mateo Cal., Musicians' Protective Union, No. 535, A. F. of M. All musicians desiring to become members of this local will communicate with Chas. S. Noyes, P. O. Box 182, Burlingame, Cal. Charter will close February 24th, after which membership fee will be raised.

COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS MET LAST THURSDAY

Communications Received From District Attorney, Treasurer, Geo. C. Ross and Bank Officials.

A short session of the county board of Supervisors was held last Thursday morning. All the members were present except Supervisor McEvoy, who was ill at his home at Menlo Park.

The following communications were received and read by Clerk Nash:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo—Gentlemen: The following resolution has been introduced by a member of your board for consideration by your honorable body, to-wit:

"Whereas, the legislature of 1907, passed an Act providing for and the regulating of deposits of county and municipal moneys, and providing for the collection and fixing of a rate of interest, the minimum rate being two (2) per cent per annum, payable quarterly;

"And, Whereas, said act has been in full force and effect since March 23d, 1907, a period of more than two (2) years, and as the county treasurer, P. P. Chamberlain, who is and has been during the above mentioned time, the duly and qualified treasurer of San Mateo County and as treasurer has neglected, and refuses to pay into the Treasury of San Mateo County any of said interest money;

"Now, be it resolved, and it is hereby ordered that the District Attorney, J. J. Bullock, is hereby ordered and directed to immediately commence suit for the collection of said interest money from March 23d, 1907, to April 1st, 1909."

I have been informed that the district attorney of this county has expressed his opinion that an action cannot be successfully maintained by the county against the treasurer under such resolution, but that your board is not entirely satisfied that such opinion is correct.

I believe that this board wishes light and not litigation, and I therefore respectfully suggest the following method of getting light concerning the legal rights of the county, to-wit:

Submit a copy of said resolution to some entirely disinterested lawyer of ability, not a resident of this county, and ask him to give you a written answer to this question:

"In your opinion can the county of San Mateo recover a judgment against the treasurer of said county for the interest, or any part thereof, mentioned in the annexed resolution?"

I would also suggest that the attorney to whom this question is submitted be a lawyer like Honorable A. L. Rhodes, formerly chief justice of the Supreme Court, or Honorable S. F. Leib, formerly judge of the Superior Court of San Clara County; or, if you prefer an attorney who has had civic experience select such a man as Honorable William R. Davis, formerly mayor of the city of Oakland, or Honorable Beverly L. Hodgehead, present mayor of the city of Berkeley. Or, if you had rather be guided by a lawyer who has had experience with banking and bonds, choose such a man as Honorable C. H. Garoutte, formerly justice of the Supreme Court, and late State Bank Commissioner; or Honorable Curtis H. Lindley, president of the state bar association and now special counsel for the board of supervisors of the city and county of San Francisco in its bonds and water matters. Or, if you prefer to have a choice made for you by a lawyer of the first class, ask Honorable U. S. Webb, attorney gen-

eral of this state, to recommend to you some lawyer in whom he has confidence.

The supervisor who prepared and offered the resolution must believe of course that the county can succeed in the suit mentioned or he would not have presented the resolution for adoption. Very well, I, therefore, now further say that if you will submit said resolution and question to any one of the attorneys mentioned, or to any lawyer selected by attorney general Webb, and his opinion thereon is Yea, that a judgment for such interest can be obtained in favor of the county, then I will be personally responsible for, and pay, the fee charged by such lawyer for his service in giving you his opinion.

Is not the foregoing fair?

Let us have light.

Yours respectfully,

Geo. C. Ross.

January 25th, 1910.

To Mr. Geo. A. Kertell, Foreman, Mr. J. H. Hatch, Secretary, and the members of the Grand Jury of the County of San Mateo—Gentlemen: In order to definitely settle the question whether or not the county should receive interest upon its moneys deposited by its treasurer in banks, and despite my opinion heretofore given, that an action for the recovery of interest could not, under existing conditions, be successfully maintained, I beg leave to inform you that at the next meeting of the board of supervisors I will suggest and advise said board to employ such counsel as they may deem fit, or the attorney general, or such counsel as the attorney general may select, in the event of his inability to act, to co-operate with and assist me in the prosecution of an action in court to determine the entire matter.

Very truly yours,

JOSEPH J. BULLOCK,
District Attorney.

January 25th, 1910

To Mr. Geo. A. Kertell, Foreman, Mr. J. A. Hatch, Secretary, and the members of the Grand Jury of the County of San Mateo—Gentlemen: The rumor being prevalent that it is the opinion and wish of your honorable body that the question of the liability of P. P. Chamberlain, county treasurer, for interest on money deposited by him in certain banks, of which this

Continued on Page 4

Tree Planting Coupon

The undersigned agrees to volunteer his services on Arbor Day to dig holes in which to plant trees.

Name _____

Address _____

The Airship

is only one more invention of man to defy the Laws of Nature.

One law of nature man has been unable to conquer—Death.

The man who has others dependent upon him should save something, so that those dependent will not be helpless in case of his death.

Are YOU saving?

Are YOU saving as much as you should?

Are YOU saving as much as you could?

Bank of South San Francisco
Commercial Savings

with eucalyptus trees from 14 to 16 inches in height at prices ranging from \$18 to \$20 per thousand.

After some discussion by the members of the Board, it was decided to hold a mass meeting of citizens at the board's meeting room next Monday night, when volunteers will be asked for to dig holes, on an Arbor Day to be set, in which trees are to be planted.

(In this connection THE ENTERPRISE publishes a coupon in this issue to be signed by citizens volunteering their services to dig holes. The coupon, when signed, is to be sent to this office, and due credit will be given.)

Thos. F. Kelly was given further time in which to prepare an application for a liquor license for the Grand Hotel, of which he is owner.

A communication was received from the South San Francisco Improvement Club indorsing the tree planting proposition.

In the matter of granting a saloon license for the Union Hotel action was again postponed one week.

The street committee were instructed to examine the city sprinkling cart,

South San Francisco Railroad Time Table

BAY SHORE CUTOFF.

NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:13 A. M.
7:23 A. M.
7:43 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:03 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:43 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
9:23 A. M.
9:53 A. M.
12:52 P. M.
3:01 P. M.
(Except Sunday)
5:23 P. M.
7:03 P. M.
7:13 P. M.

SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:37 A. M.
8:36 A. M.
10:57 A. M.
11:57 A. M.
2:23 P. M.
3:16 P. M.
4:37 P. M.
5:57 P. M.
6:47 P. M.
12:02 P. M.
(Theatre Train)

SHUTTLE SERVICE

From San Francisco via Valencia Street and to San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff.

6:25 a. m.
(Except Sunday)
6:20 p. m.
(Except Sunday)
7:19 p. m.
(Except Sunday)

From San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff and to San Francisco via Valencia Street.

5:45 a. m.
(Except Sunday)
5:24 p. m.
(Except Sunday)
6:25 p. m.
(Except Sunday)

POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays, 8 A. M. to 9 A. M. Money order office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

* NORTHBOUND DISPATCH.

8:03 A. M.
12:13 P. M.
3:43 P. M.
7:13 P. M.

† SOUTHBOUND DISPATCH.

6:37 A. M.
11:57 A. M.
3:17 P. M.

* Mails from south arrive.

† Mails from north arrive.
E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CITY OFFICIALS

TRUSTEES—A. Hynding (President), H. Gaerdes, E. Edwards, Thos. Hickey, D. McSweeney.

Clerk.....W. J. Smith
Treasurer.....C. L. Kauffmann
Recorder.....A. McSweeney
City Attorney.....H. E. Styles
Marshal.....H. W. Kneese
Night Watchman.....W. P. Acheson
Garbage Collector.....A. T. Smith
Poundmaster.....D. Clements

BOARD OF HEALTH—Dr. H. G. Plymire, E. E. Cunningham, Wm. Hickey, E. N. Brown, Geo. Kneese (Secretary), Inspector, A. T. Smith.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES—Chas. Robinson, J. Kelly, J. O. Snyder.

County Officials

Judge Superior Court.....G. H. Buck
Treasurer.....P. P. Chamberlain
Tax Collector.....C. L. McCracken
District Attorney.....J. J. Bullock
Assessor.....C. D. Hayward
County Clerk.....Joseph H. Nash
County Recorder.....John F. Johnston
Sheriff.....Robert Chatham
Auditor.....Henry Underhill
Superintendent of Schools.....Roy Cloud
Coroner and Public Adm.....Dr. H. G. Plymire
Surveyor.....James B. Neuman
Health Officer.....W. G. Beattie, M. D.

Officials—First Township

Supervisor.....James T. Casey
Justice of the Peace.....A. McSweeney
Constable.....Bob Carroll
Postmaster.....E. E. Cunningham

If you want to sell anything—a house, a lot, a horse, a cow—or want to rent a house, rooms or flat—advertise in THE ENTERPRISE.

TEST OF GERMAN GYROSCOPE CAR

Model at Work Shown to Railroad Men in Brooklyn.

PERFECT BALANCE MAINTAINED

Spinning Tops, Making 8,000 Revolutions a Minute, Kept the Machine on Its Single Rail—No Tilting and No Reduction of Speed at the Curves.

With a whirring of motors that sounded like the hum of a buzzsaw, a gyroscope monorail car of the German type was piloted around an oval track in the Clermont rink, Brooklyn, the other morning before a crowd that included several engineers and railroad men. It was the first exhibition of the car in the United States, and the group of experts who viewed it appeared to be greatly interested in the working of the white, boat shaped contrivance as it circled the rink, supported on one small rail.

The noise was made by two steel tops lodged at either end of the car, which revolved at the rate of 8,000 turns a minute. They were incased in a steel covering and could not be seen, but it was these two spinning tops which kept the car from toppling over. Had they stopped suddenly—which, it was said, was next to impossible—the car would have lost its balance. According to those in charge of the demonstration, nothing could make the wheels stop except cutting off the electric current, and even then they would go on revolving for nearly an hour at sufficient speed to hold the car in an upright position.

Richard Scherl, the German inventor who designed the car, was not on hand when the demonstration began, but a squad of assistants and mechanics set the gyroscope going so that the visitors could see the latest wrinkle in car building in operation. It was the same car which had been exhibited in Berlin, but it differed in many respects from the Brennan or English type of monorail car recently shown in England.

No Passengers Carried.

No passengers were taken on board during the preliminary trials, although the car was built to accommodate from six to ten persons. The only man who actually rode in it was the mechanic, who operated the levers. Sometimes he dismounted and allowed the car to go its way with no one at the helm. It never made very high speed, however, and, as the operating levers were all within reach of any one standing near the track, the motorman could bring the car to a stop simply by touching the right lever as the car rolled by.

What seemed to interest spectators the most was the way the car took the turns. The track was oval, and the turns were sharp—sharper by a good deal than the general run of curves in the subway in New York, for instance. But the single track car took them with only the slightest tilt and without reducing its speed. It traveled at about eight miles an hour most of the time. Whether stationary or moving along the rail, the car kept its balance perfectly.

A Queer Feat.

One of the queer feats of the gyroscope was shown when five men climbed up on one side of the car while it was standing still. The car, instead of tipping toward them, leaned in the opposite direction. The tendency of the gyroscope, it was explained, was to preserve equilibrium under all conditions, and, no matter how the passengers might be seated, the car would always preserve its own balance.

It was a small car that was used in the demonstration, built only for experimental purposes. Its dimensions were eighteen feet in length and four feet in width. It rested upon four wheels set in a straight line, each having flanges on both sides.

The track stood about three inches high and measured one inch in thickness at the top. On each side of it was strung a wire which carried the current. There were four motors in the car, two of one horsepower each for propelling it and two of one-half horsepower each, which operated the gyroscope attachment. The car itself weighed two and one-half tons and the gyroscope about one-twentieth of this. It was explained that this proportion would have to be increased if the gyroscope were to be applied to a heavy car of the Pullman type. To preserve balance in a Pullman car it would be necessary to have a gyroscope weighing about 9 per cent of the total weight of the car.

Tops in a Vacuum.

It was explained also that the two

revolving tops would keep right on revolving for a long time after the current gave out, because they were spinning in a vacuum where there was little friction.

In case of an accident, it was explained, there would be plenty of time for the passengers to get out before the gyroscope slowed down and the car toppled over. In the meantime it would be possible, according to the demonstrators, to lower the supports on either side of the car, and this would prevent its falling. The car used in the demonstration was equipped with this safety device, which could be operated by the motorman. It was said that the supports could be so constructed that they would fall to the ground automatically in case the power gave out.

TWOMBLY'S LOVE OF BEAUTY

How Late Millionaire Banker Showed It at His Country Estate.

Hamilton McKown Twombly, millionaire banker of New York and brother-in-law of William K. Vanderbilt, who died recently at his country home, Florham Park, at Madison, N. J., was born in Boston and received his schooling there. He went to Harvard and was graduated with the class of 1871.

For a great many years Mr. Twombly, who was a director of many companies, took a lively part in the affairs of both business and society. He put a great deal of his energy and his love of the beautiful into his estate at Madison, with its model farm. He had several children, the oldest of whom, a girl, died at the age of sixteen, fourteen years ago; Florence, who married William A. M. Burden in 1904; Ruth, who made her debut three years ago, and a son, who is named for himself. It was largely to give these children an outdoor life that he designed the place, but the farm he planned chiefly for the interest of his boy.

Florham covers almost 400 acres. It is a great park, laid out in gardens, dotted with hundreds of specially transplanted trees and crossed in all directions by stone ballasted avenues. The house, standing at the head of a gracefully terraced lawn, resembles closely Hatfield House in England, the home of Lord Salisbury. The farm, its stables and spotless dairy, brought in at one time from the sale of its milk alone an average of \$2,000 a year. The milk came from a herd of Guernseys, the first of them imported, among which are many ribbon winners. The milk, it is said, was peddled from a \$1,200 wagon, drawn by a pair of thoroughbreds, worth \$1,500, in gold mounted harness. The farm wagons, too, were drawn by thoroughbreds.

From his flowers—he specialized in orchids and chrysanthemums—there came yearly some \$25,000. All of them were raised in the most scientific way in elaborate greenhouses, of which the most notable was the palm house, standing sixty-four feet above the ground and topped by a mammoth dome.

But Mr. Twombly lost interest in these things, and in his business, too, in the summer of 1906, when the thing happened which is largely accountable for his death. His only son was spending a few months at Big Squam lake, near Ashland, N. H. He was eighteen years old, had just been graduated from Groton school and had elected to spend his last vacation before entering Harvard in helping to run the camp managed there by Groton boys. On July 5 the boys started to swim to Carn's grove, a mile distant from camp. He had gone but a few hundred yards when he sank. No one could reach him in time to help him.

The news of the boy's death was a great shock. The father's friends say he never recovered from it at all. At all events, it was not for a year or two that he returned to Madison, the place so closely associated with his children, and when he did it was not with the old interest. About that time, too, he began gradually to withdraw from the active business enterprises in which his great fortune had interested him.

Mr. Twombly was a stickler for details. For one thing, he could not bear to be late at any engagement. It is related of him that once in the summer of 1905 to keep a dinner engagement at Newport he chartered a special train in Springfield, Mass., made the 100 miles intervening between there and Boston in 103 minutes and easily caught the train he had to take from there to Newport.

Move to Standardize Drugs.

An effort to have the federal government standardize all agents used as medicines and then compel importers and drug manufacturers to follow its standard is being made through a bill lately introduced in congress by Representative Coudrey of St. Louis to amend section 7 of the pure food and drugs act of 1906.

TO TREAT CANCER BY TRANSFUSION

Science on Eve of Great Discovery, Says Dr. Ewing.

NEW BLOOD TO EXPEL GERMS.

Experiments on Dogs Made at Cornell Medical College Lead Expert on Pathology to Believe That Human Victims of Scourge Can Be Benefited.

Experiments recently made on animals has convinced Dr. James Ewing, head pathologist of Cornell Medical college and president of the American Society For Cancer Research, that science is on the eve of discovering a cure for cancer in the human body. Such a forecast recently made by Dr. Ewing is especially cheering in view of the recent assertion of Dr. Harvey R. Gaylord, chief of the State Cancer hospital at Buffalo, who said:

"The increase of cancer in the state of New York is little short of appalling. It now takes half as many lives as tuberculosis."

In speaking of the laboratory study of cancer at the Cornell Medical college Dr. Ewing said:

"Many tests were made upon dogs, with the result that animals which had been suffering with malignant cancer were positively cured. The method pursued was to bleed a dog afflicted with the disease until it was nearly lifeless, then connect its veins with a healthy animal and fill them with new blood. Some of the animals treated have been watched for over a year after the operation, but none showed any recrudescence of the disease.

Tests Confined to Animals.

"Whether or not man could be cured of cancer by blood transfusion is, of course, a matter of conjecture. This test has never been applied to any human being. Furthermore, the experiment brings the patient so near death that for ethical reasons no physician would care to advise this sort of treatment for a human patient. Yet I see no particular reason why a man suffering from cancer should not be benefited by the re-establishment of a new blood supply as is a dog.

"I am prompted to speak freely because of the fact that in spite of the enormous progress science has made in the study of cancer the cry has been raised that vivisection or animal experimentation should stop. If these people who oppose us would themselves stop to learn how much good has already been accomplished for the human race as the result of the work they decry they would cease trying to oppose us.

End of Problem May Be in Sight.

"Although it may be unsafe to make any predictions, it is certainly legitimate to claim that the therapeutic principles established by experiments on lower animals will prove applicable in some form to man for cancer as for diphtheria. We may therefore assert that the end of the cancer problem is in sight.

"By pursuing the principles discovered in the laboratory we may confidently hope to prevent the occurrence of some cancers, to bring others to a standstill and greatly to reduce the incidents and mortality of the disease.

"In the study of cancer, more than any other disease, it has been proved that the investigator should be permitted absolute freedom in animal experimentation. For more than a century all efforts to transplant tumors from one animal to another proved fruitless. Then at last it was accomplished and new experiments made possible to test or try for a cure.

"It later was proved that in animals into which cancerous growths were transplanted a self agent manifested itself which effected a spontaneous cure. Thereafter these animals were immune. It was dogs that had been thus rendered proof against cancer that were used in furnishing the blood for those that were cured of the disease."

Dr. Ewing said that in combating the disease it was of prime importance to seize it early. The use of the knife was sufficient oftentimes in incipient cases to ward off the disease, if not actually cure it.

Advertising to Fill a Church.

Advertising will fill a church the same as it will a store is the verdict of St. Lawrence Chandler. He advertised a few days ago for lonely Christians to come to South Park Methodist Episcopal church in Chicago and received forty-five replies. Twenty-five of his correspondents shook hands with him at the church on a recent Sunday morning, and Mr. Chandler says he will advertise again.

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY

TIPPECANOE TRIBE No. 111, I. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting Bros. welcome.

H. W. KNEESE,

Sachem.

Geo. E. Keissling, Keeper of Records.

SOUTH CITY AERIE No. 1473,

F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall at 8 p. m. Julius Eikerenkotter, Worthy President. Harry Edwards, Secretary. Visiting brothers welcome.

SAN MATEO LODGE, No. 7,

JOURNEYMEN BUTCHERS, P. and B. A., meets every first and third Thursdays in Metropolitan Hall, at 8 p. m.

J. M. COSTER, President

C. L. KAUFFMANN, Secretary.

HOTELS

Linden Hotel

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Vandenbos have again taken charge of this hotel, and will serve patrons in a first-class manner.

Board and Room, \$5 per Week

206-210 LINDEN AVENUE

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. H. G. PLYMIRE

Surgeon

Office. Hours
500 Grand Avenue 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Dr. J. C. McGovern

DENTIST

OFFICE: South San Francisco
Kauffmann Building San Mateo Co.

San Mateo County Building and Loan Association

Assets \$246,000.

Loans made on the Monthly Definite Contract Plans, paying in from 5 to 12 years as may be desired, with privilege of partial or total repayment before maturity.

No premiums or unnecessary expense.

GEO. W. LOVIE, secretary,
Redwood City, Cal

Sunset Shaving Parlor

MANUEL MONIZ, Prop.

316 Grand Avenue, South San Francisco

REAL ESTATE TIPS

Buy a lot to build on.
Build your own house.
Follow the line of travel.
Buy where you can live.
The best place to live is where you can earn a living.

This industrial town is the place.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM & Co.,
Real Estate Agent

Good Printing

Is the art of putting into another mind what is in your own.

IT IS A SUBTLE
METHOD OF
SUGGESTION

It is a means of making a favorable impression.

To have the best results, it must be the best printing.

That we are prepared to give you.

WALK RIGHT IN

PATENTS

promptly obtained in all countries, or NO FEE. TRADE-MARKS, Caveats and Copyrights registered. Send Sketch, Model or Photo, for free report on patentability. ALL BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. Patent practice exclusively. Surpassing references.

Widewake inventors should have our handbook on how to obtain and sell patents. What inventions will pay. How to get a partner, and other valuable information. Sent free to any address.

D. SWIFT & CO.
501 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.

FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the City of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city.

The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to Town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people; an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

The completion of the Bay Shore Tunnels has placed South San Francisco on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

With the completion of the Dumbarton Bridge and Cutoff, now rapidly being constructed, South San Francisco will have all railroads which center in San Francisco passing through its midst.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Baden Brick Company, Pacific Jupiter Steel Company, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller White Lead Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, and other enterprises, all of which are in full operation to-day. The American Smelting and Refining Company has purchased over 300 acres of land in South San Francisco for the purpose of erecting a great plant, which they estimate will cost upwards of \$5,000,000. The Doak Sheet Steel Company has purchased a large tract of land and has already commenced the construction of a large rolling mill. Other factories have recently made purchases, and South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay

PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO

W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.

WESTERN MEAT COMPANY

BEEF AND PORK PACKERS

SLAUGHTERERS OF

CATTLE

HOGS

SHEEP

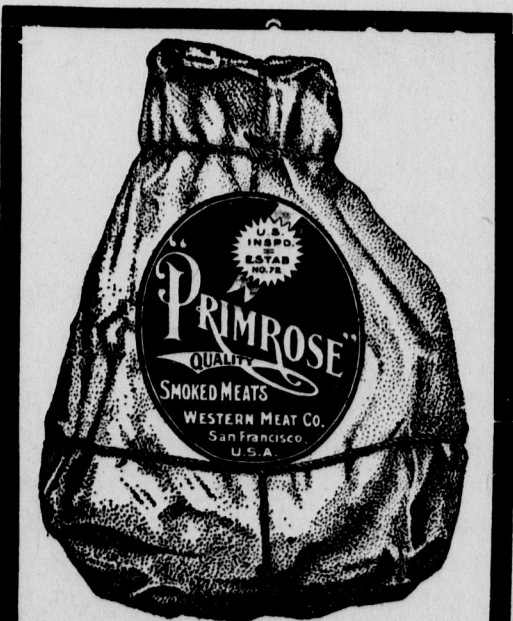
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CALVES

PRIMROSE HAMS AND BACON

GOLDEN GATE PURE LARD

PACKING HOUSE AND STOCK YARDS LOCATED AT



SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

San Mateo County, - - - - - California

THE ENTERPRISE

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SATURDAY JANUARY 29, 1910



NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

ENTERPRISE subscribers are requested to notify this office immediately if they do not receive their papers promptly each week.

The international exposition which shall commemorate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal will mark the beginning of a new and grand epoch in the world's history, and by reason of its world-wide scope, will bring all the world together in grand assembly to celebrate this world event.

The completion of this waterway will unite the world's two greatest oceans, and join them as one pacific sea for the purposes of international commerce and closer and more intimate human intercourse.

The wedding of the oceans will be a Pacific Ocean event. The opening of the Isthmian Canal will not increase by a single ton the traffic between the eastern and western shores of the Atlantic Ocean; but the joining of the waters of the two oceans will, as all the world understands, set in motion such vast activity between the two shores of the Pacific, as the world in all its history has never before witnessed. Therefore, and by reason of these broad and indisputable premises, the logical place for the meeting of the nations of the earth to celebrate the worldwide event is upon these Pacific shores. No Gulf of Mexico, or any gulf, or any inland lake or city, can or should count in this competition. The Bay of San Francisco is one of the world's greatest landlocked salt seas, and the largest and best harbor on the eastern shores of the Pacific Ocean, a harbor where all the navies and all the ships of the world may ride or rest, sheltered and secure.

San Francisco, Queen City of the Pacific, and keeper of the gate and entrance to this magnificent bay and harbor, is by right and reason, and all the rules of world economics, the fitting and proper place for holding this most momentous of all the world's grand international meetings.

San Francisco will win this high honor by reason of the fact that the great conclave can be made a complete success nowhere else; a fundamental fact founded in the nature of things; a fact fixed and settled in the beginning, "when the stars sang together," and the hills skipped to celestial music; a fact predestined and ordained when the continents were upheaved and the ocean beds hollowed out.

First in the order of business in preparing for the exposition in San Francisco is the matter of providing the enormous sum of money required to finance this wonderful world show on a scale commensurate with its importance. There can be no question with regard to San Francisco in this respect. A

people who within three years have raised their city from the ashes and ruins of desolation at a cost of \$300,000,000 will not flinch nor fail in this or any emergency. The city will begin by raising as large a sum as its representatives in Congress have asked the National Government to appropriate. The money will be raised, whether it be fifty millions, or double that sum.

Next in the order of business to financing the vast undertaking, will be that of selecting and securing the best possible site in or near San Francisco for holding the big meeting. Thus far, but two sites have been talked of—one the Ingleside-Lake Merced district, the other right here within the corporate limits of this City of South San Francisco. The unused land near Lake Merced belongs to the Spring Valley Water Co., and the advocates of that site favor the purchase by San Francisco of the Spring Valley holdings in that vicinity, and that at the close of the exposition, this land, together with the improvements thereon, be added to the city's park property.

The main objection to Ingleside and Lake Merced—and the objection is a serious one—is that such site would have to depend upon rail transportation solely, as it could not be reached by water. Here at South San Francisco rail and water transportation meet. Here the Southern Pacific bay shore double track railroad affords the very shortest and quickest possible route from the city to the proposed site.

The Southern Pacific loop line provides another steam railroad, covering Valencia street, Sunnyside, Ocean View, Crocker Tract, Hillcrest, Vista Grande, Colma and Baden Station, and running through the proposed site.

There is also the San Francisco and San Mateo suburban line of the United Railroads Company crossing the site; and the South San Francisco branch of the same company running from Holy Cross straight through to the South San Francisco waterfront.

Last, and most important of all, this site has a waterfront of more than one mile on the Bay of San Francisco, with a harbor where steamers, ferryboats, and all kinds of boats, can enter and anchor securely, and discharge both passengers and freight direct to the exposition grounds.

In addition to these transportation advantages, this site comprises 1500 acres or more of land under one ownership, with low-lying tide lands at the waterfront, which can be transformed at minimum cost into a modern Venice for a grand water carnival display; and an ample area of dry, solid land for buildings, grounds, parks, drives and other essential features.

Finally, the exposition will commemorate a water victory; it will celebrate the breeching and breaking down of the land barriers between the earth's two greatest oceans, and it is altogether fitting and proper, that the people should be permitted to use the waterways to reach the scene of such a celebration.

The Board of Supervisors is to meet on Tuesday next to consider sundry matters, including that of granting or refusing another right permit in the First Township of this county, near the county line.

The representative of the First Township is opposed to opening another prizefight arena in his district. Why the Supervisors from other districts should force another

place of this sort upon our people over the head of their representative, we cannot say or even imagine.

It surely cannot be that the county of San Mateo is so sorely in need of another \$600 per annum in its revenues as to make the granting of another license necessary. If it is for the reason that the members from other districts distrust Mr. Casey, as not representing the wishes of the people of his township, we suggest that the board satisfy its members on that score by a sort of referendum test by inviting an expression of the legal voters of the First Township through a postal card vote. It is not a bad plan, on general principles; it is comparatively inexpensive. If the legal voters favor another license and another prizefight arena, we say by all means grant it, but do not force such a thing upon any community against the will of their representative without submitting the question to the people themselves.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Speaker Cannon has not read President Taft out of the party.

Baltimore aspires to be the purest food city in the country.

An American was found dead in London with his pockets full of money. Evidently he had just arrived.

Andrew Carnegie thinks \$20,000,000 would "buy peace in Central America." It might buy Central America, but it wouldn't buy peace.

"Do fishes smell?" asks Dr. Parker of Yale. Why, dead fishes do, of course.

Mark Twain has been in favor of woman suffrage for fifty years, but he has forgot to mention it until now.

It is now claimed that Cleopatra's body is buried in Paris. All the gay old girls gravitate thither, it seems.

What the Democratic party needs not so much leaders as followers nowadays.

Contention has been set up that the sale of a base ball player by one club to another is a form of slavery, and thus unconstitutional. However, the condition of slavery is greatly mitigated by a good salary.

PASADENA NEVER FAILED TO CARRY A BOND ISSUE.

The following communication was sent to the Santa Cruz Sentinel on the subject of city bond issues:

"The enclosed table shows the bond indebtedness of the city of Pasadena, July 1, 1909, and the purposes for which the bonds were issued. In 1890 when the first bond indebtedness was contracted, Pasadena had a population of about 5000 and an assessed valuation of \$4,706,164. To-day we have approximately 31,000 population and an assessed valuation of \$38,910,170. Our real growth began in 1901. Some of our enterprising citizens realized that by judicious expenditure of money for municipal improvements, the growth of our city might be accelerated, so in 1902 the people voted the sum of \$300,000 for that purpose, and since then the population has trebled.

"With the large influx of people to our prosperous State the city that presents the best appearance and supplies all that can be found in up-to-date municipalities is the one that will go to the front.

"With best wishes for success of your bond issue, and hoping to be advised as to the results of the election, I am,

"Yours very truly,
 A. J. BERTONNEAU,
 "Secretary Pasadena Board of Trade."
 November 19, 1909.

Improvement Items.

Alhambra citizens have voted \$50,000 municipal and improvement bonds.

The Long Beach Board of Public Works has awarded a contract to build municipal wharves to Mercereau Construction Co. for \$25,000.

South Pasadena citizens will vote on \$100,000 bonds to macadamize all principal streets of town and to install sewer system.

City Engineer Van Ornum is favorable to brick gutters instead of cement for all business section of city.

Advertise in THE ENTERPRISE

COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS MET LAST THURSDAY

Continued from Page 1

bank is one, and also the liability of such banks to the county for interest on deposits, should be ascertained and legally determined at an early day, and this bank also desiring to have such matter settled, now begs leave to inform you that it has joined with the treasurer in a communication to the board of supervisors as follows:

"To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo—Gentlemen: The undersigned having been informed that it is the wish of the grand jury now in session that the question of the liability of the undersigned treasurer in said bank to the county of San Mateo for interest on deposits made by such treasurer in said bank be definitely ascertained and determined, do hereby respectfully request that your honorable body adopt the enclosed preamble and resolutions or take some other proper course which will settle the rights and liabilities of the county, the treasurer, and said bank.

"Yours very respectfully,
 "P. P. Chamberlain,
 County Treasurer,
 "The First National Bank of San Mateo County,
 "By J. L. Ross,
 Its President."

Following is a copy of resolutions submitted to the board:

"Whereas, a resolution was heretofore offered by the chairman of this board directing the district attorney to commence a suit against P. P. Chamberlain, county treasurer, for the recovery of interest claimed to be due from him to the county, under the provisions of an act of the Legislature providing for and regulating the depositing of county and municipal money (Statutes of 1907, page 974); and

"Whereas, the district attorney thereupon advised this board that in his judgment the treasurer was not liable to the county for such interest; and

"Whereas, the grand jury of the county has expressed its desire to have action taken in accordance with such resolution, notwithstanding the adverse opinion of the district attorney, and it may be that the district attorney is mistaken;

"Now Therefore, in order that the rights of the county may be fully protected, the wishes of the grand jury complied with, and the question of the liability of the treasurer, or any bank in which he may have deposited any money, to the county for interest be definitely determined and settled,

"It is Hereby Resolved and Ordered, that Honorable U. S. Webb, attorney general of the State of California, be, and he is hereby, requested to act in conjunction with the district attorney in said matter on behalf of the county, and that if in his opinion the treasurer or any bank in which he may have deposited any county money is liable to the county for any interest and that a judgement can be recovered against the treasurer or any bank therefor, then that the attorney general and district attorney bring suit against the treasurer and such banks for such interest and costs; and the district attorney is hereby specially directed to confer with the attorney general concerning said matter; and

"Resolved, that in the event the attorney general shall not be able, by reason of his engagement or other cause, to so act, that he, Mr. Webb, be requested to select and name some fit and competent attorney at law to act in his stead on behalf of the county, and that the person so selected and named be, and he is hereby, employed by this board on behalf of the county county as special counsel in said matter."

This bank further says that if the method provided in said resolutions is not satisfactory it invites the suggestion of your honorable body as to what course should be followed to fully and legally settle this whole matter of interest, and trusts that it may hear from you on the subject.

Yours very respectfully,
 The First National Bank of San Mateo County,
 By J. L. Ross,
 Its President.

After some discussion, and at the

suggestion of Supervisor Blackburn, no action was taken in the matter.

The matter of revoking the liquor license for the County Line Saloon in the name of Maud Earl was laid over until next Tuesday.

No action was taken in the matter of granting Sid Hester a light license.

ELKS TO GIVE MINSTREL SHOW AT SAN MATEO

San Mateo Lodge, No. 1112, B. P. O. Elks will give a minstrel show at San Mateo on the evenings of February 7th and 8th next, for the benefit of an empty stocking fund.

Great preparations are being made by an active committee to give a first-class entertainment.

The lodge contains amongst its membership some splendid talent.

The following local citizens are members of the San Mateo Lodge Geo. H. Chapman, J. L. Debenedetti, J. O. Snyder and A. Hynding.

Strong rumors are prevailing that each of them will put on "stunts" to help make the affair a success.

"Jawge" will give some of his inimitable monologue "stories" in his usual calm, sedate way.

"Johnny" will sing the latest ballad, entitled, "My Dear, Will You Fly With Me in My Airship?"

"Jesse" will chop up pieces of "bull" and pass it out to audience.

"Andy" will tell about his experiences as chairman of a board of city trustees, and how he is boosting for the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

These "stunts" alone are worth the price of taking a trip to San Mateo and admission to the hall.

GET WISE AND GO.

AIRSHIP FLIGHTS SUCCESSFUL.

Louis Paulhan, after disagreeable experiences last Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, on account of bad weather, on Wednesday made a successful flight at an altitude of over 1300 feet from Tanforan Park. He approached this city twice during the trip and went as far south as Easton. Thousands witnessed the feat.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Services each Sunday at Lodge Hall, Metropolitan Building. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. G. A. Blair, minister. At the close of last Sabbath's services a committee was appointed to select a site for a church building, consisting of C. F. Hamsher, J. Woodard and A. A. Whitten. It is expected the building will be erected in the near future.

St. Pauls Methodist Episcopal Church

Cor. Grand and Maple Avenues, (one block from the Post Office.)

Regular Sunday services—Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Sermon at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school classes for all ages at 10:00 a. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m.

Prayer services Wednesday at 7:45 p. m.

The public is made cordially welcome at all our services.

"A home-like church."

D. RALSTON, Pastor.

Preaching Sunday morning as usual, to which you are cordially invited.

Sunday evening the pastor will preach on "The Prodigal Son." After the sermon the pastor and wife will sing a duet. Come and bring your friends.

The Epworth League service will be conducted by Mr. Walker, and will start punctually at 6:30 p. m. Let all the young people be on hand.

Remember the prayer meeting and bible class on Wednesday.

There will be a business meeting of the Epworth League on next Friday evening.

It is reported the Dumbarton Bridge near Redwood City will be completed in thirty days.

Rooms to Rent—Inquire at Baden Hotel, Linden Avenue, between Grand and Miller.

SAN BRUNO ITEMS

[CORRESPONDENCE]

The residents of San Bruno are asked to kindly furnish such news items as will be of interest, sending the same to our correspondent, Geo. V. C. Bacon, San Bruno, who will see that they are given due publicity. It is the desire to this paper to make the columns devoted to the San Bruno section of the county a complete summary of all that has transpired since the previous issue, and to do this it will be necessary to ask the co-operation of the residents. Any items of local or general interest will be thankfully received. Kindly hand them to Mr. Bacon any time before Thursday night in order to ensure their publication in the following Saturday's issue. Sample copies of this paper may be obtained, gratis, from Mr. Bacon.

Last Saturday evening Green's Hall was the scene of as large and enthusiastic gathering as San Bruno has seen in a long time. The occasion was the monster benefit tendered for the relief of the afflicted Taylor family, and owing to the public-spirited generosity of the residents, as well as the excellence of the program the hall was well filled. The program was opened by some excellent moving pictures, under the management of operator George Roy. Following this feature was a laughable sketch and a number of songs, which completed the program. Among those who assisted were Mrs. A. J. Tucker, Mrs. Powers, Miss Hall, Messrs. Robert Valentine, Stewart Kirk and Bert Armstrong. After the program those present repaired to the upper hall, where dancing was enjoyed until a late hour, with music donated by both the Harmonie and Walsh's Orchestras. Over \$100 was secured, and much credit should be given to Messrs. Emerich, Martinelli, John Moni, J. J. Smith, Charles Cramer, Charles Pfluger and others for their efforts.

Last Thursday night the Harmonie Club gave a whist party and social dance for the members and their invited guests. After a couple of hours of whist, light refreshments were served and then an informal dance was given. The Harmonie Orchestra provided the music, and all present enjoyed themselves to the fullest extent.

A number of the friends of Edward C. Doyle, Third Addition, tendered him a surprise party on last Wednesday evening, when his birthday was celebrated in a most befitting style. Music, whist, singing and games were followed by an elaborate supper, at which the twenty or more guests did full justice. Among those present were noted Messrs. and Mesdames Otto Tuska, G. V. Bacon, H. J. Grady, W. N. Holliday, R. H. Liddle and F. C. Russell, also Miss Estelle Mac Neil, Dr. F. Holmes Smith and Walter Tuska. The party broke up at a late hour.

Members of the Harmonie Club are organizing a quartette, and R. H. Liddle, chairman of the Entertainment Committee, states that there are a number of trained voices from which to draw.

San Bruno is stage struck and seems most desirous of utilizing the fine new stage in the hall. A dramatic society has been formed among the younger members, and a popular farce is to be presented in the near future.

San Bruno Homestead, 910, Brotherhood of American Yeoman, held its first meeting under its newly installed board of officers at its hall on last Thursday evening. Much new business was taken up. Reports were heard from committees having various matters in charge, and excellent progress is being made manifest. The banquet, which had to be postponed, owing to the remodeling of the Town Hall, will be given at an early date.

The regular meeting of the Dorcas Society was held yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. T. H. Smith, Third Addition, when the time was most enjoyably passed by all present.

The Women's Guild of St. Andrews Mission (Episcopal) at Lomita Park, held an all day session at the chapel last Thursday. Refreshments were brought by the various ladies, and much good work was done in preparing a set of altar linen for use in the chapel.

Although last Sunday proved a great disappointment to the many thousands who had journeyed to San Bruno to witness the exhibition of Paulhan and his aeroplane, the succeeding days found still larger crowds, who departed well satisfied, after witnessing the marvelous demonstration of the complete mastery of his machine by this aviator. Apart from the sum spent by this large crowd for refreshments and other purposes in San Bruno must be considered the splendid advertising which this town received by

being visited by fully 250,000 people. The signs which had been erected which showed site near here as a location for the coming exposition have excited much favorable comment, and a strong party is now being formed to secure the acceptance of this site, with good prospects of success.

Council Commander Smith, of the local camp of the Woodmen, who has been very ill with typhoid fever, is improving rapidly. Owing to his illness the banquet which had been contemplated has been postponed until he is able to preside.

Following the example set by Belle Air Park, the Fifth Addition is to plant trees along its streets, which will do much to materially beautify and adorn them.

A grand ball is projected by San Bruno Volunteer Fire Company, No. 1, and as this is a cause that interests every resident, a large attendance is anticipated.

St. Andrews Guild, Lomita Park, is preparing an entertainment for Saturday evening, February 5th, that will attract a large and enthusiastic audience, for a number of well-known and popular entertainers as well as dancing will be offered.

The Huntington Coffee Club met on Thursday afternoon for the regular weekly meeting at the home of Mrs. William Mueller, Huntington Park, where a most enjoyable afternoon was spent by all the young matrons who compose this club. Mrs. Jacobson, Huntington Park, entertained the club a week ago at her home. Several invited guests from San Francisco were present. B.

GRAND JURY FILES INDICTMENTS AND ACCUSATIONS

Last Wednesday the San Mateo Grand Jury filed indictments with Superior Judge Buck against J. L. Ross, president, and L. P. Behrens, cashier of the First National Bank at Redwood City, on the charge of receiving county funds without giving security.

The jury also filed accusations against County Treasurer P. P. Chamberlain and District Attorney J. J. Bullock, charging those officials with misconduct in office in same connection.

Chamberlain is charged with failing to collect 2 per cent interest alleged to be due the county on county funds deposited in bank.

Bullock is charged with misconduct in having failed to bring suit to collect the interest alleged to be due.

The bringing of these indictments and accusations by the jury has caused considerable interest throughout the county.

While the law is on the statute books requiring that not less than 2 per cent interest shall be paid by banks for the use of county or city funds, it is claimed that Treasurer Chamberlain has been and is willing to deposit the county funds in banks that will pay the 2 per cent interest, and at no time has he intended to do anything contrary to law.

The bank officials are willing that suit be brought against the bank for recovery of the interest alleged to be due.

District Attorney Bullock has contended that a suit by the county for the interest money alleged to be due could not be won, but is now willing that he be assisted by some selected attorney in endeavoring to recover the interest money by a suit.

Egilio Nieri, aged 26 years and one month, and son of G. Nieri, the furniture dealer of this city, died at San Bruno last Thursday. Besides his parents he leaves to mourn his loss a sister, Lena, and two brothers, Silvio and Louis. The interment took place at the Italian Cemetery last Sunday afternoon.

BOARD OF TRADE ENDORSES EXPOSITION

The Merchants' Board of Trade of this city has endorsed the Panama-Pacific Exposition, and suggests the big fair be held in this city.

Following is a copy of a resolution adopted by that organization:

South San Francisco, Jan. 28, 1910. Whereas, We as merchants of South Francisco are by reason of our intimate trade relations and geographical position part and parcel of the City of San Francisco, and vitally interested in everything that touches the prosperity of that city;

Resolved, That we, the Board of Trade of South San Francisco, heartily endorse the holding of the Pacific-Panama Exposition at San Francisco; that we recommend the splendid site at South San Francisco as a suitable place for holding said exposition, and as we wish to do more than passing a resolution, we hereby declare our readiness to do all we can to assist in making said exposition a success.

MERCHANTS' BOARD OF TRADE OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO.

J. L. Debenedetti, President.
E. W. Langenbach, Secretary.

FRATERNAL ORDERS

IMP. O. R. M.

Tippecanoe Trib, No 111, Improved Order of Redmen was visited by District Deputy "Great" Sachem J. Snyder at a recent council meeting, who installed the following newly elected officers for the ensuing term: Prophet, Henry W. Kneese; sachem M. Empenia; senior sagamore, James Wallace; junior sagamore, Charles H. Woodman; chief of records, Geo. E. Kiessling; keeper or wampum, C. E. Stahl. The time that followed will be remembered for many moons. The heart to heart talk of the district deputy, was a feature of the meeting, and one that will not soon be forgotten. Peter Lind was there with the frankfutters, and you know the rest.

W. O. W.

The new officers of Progress Camp, No 425 Woodman of the World are as follows: Counsel commander, C. W. Chalmers; advisory lieutenant, Harry Edwards; banker, W. J. Smith; clerk, C. Robinson; escort, M. Empenia; watchman, Geo. Kiessling; sentry, Alex Anderson; junior past counsel commander, George Davids. Board of managers Pat Bowler, Peter Lind, Louis Waggoner. The usual social session followed the installation, and a jolly time it was.

F. O. E.

A special aerie session is called for Tuesday evening next in connection with South City Aerie, No 1473, for the purpose of amending the by-laws, so as to conform with the Grand Aerie laws. Many changes have taken place, we think for the better, placing the order on a more solid basis; strengthening the weak places, and perfecting the ritualistic work. The officers ask for a full attendance at the next meeting, that the good of the order may be advanced.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

Frank H. Mouser of Los Angeles, announces he is a candidate for the Republican nomination for Secretary of State. He was visiting Redwood City on Thursday in the interest of his candidacy.

Walter D. Wagner of San Bernardino County, for many years Auditor for that county, and at present secretary of the State Railroad Commission, also announces that he is an aspirant for the Republican nomination for Secretary of State. He intends visiting this part of the State in the near future.

MAGNOLIA HOTEL

FOURTH STREET
Santa Rosa, California
JOHN CLIFFORD, Prop.

When visiting Santa Rosa, stop at the Magnolia, as Mr. Clifford would be pleased to see his old San Mateo County friends.

DR. GEO. H. JUILLY

Physician and Surgeon
Office: 411 Linden Ave., South San Francisco, California.
Office Hours: 3 to 7 p. m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Tel.
Residence and Sanitarium, San Mateo.

Cold Weather Is Now On

and we have just what you want in
BLANKETS AND COMFORTERS

Cotton Blankets, white and gray, from 75c to \$1.50
Med Wool Blankets, from \$2.00 to \$3.00
Wool Blankets—white, gray and vicuna \$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00

Also a fine assortment of Men's, Boys', and Children's Sweater Coats.

W. C. SCHNEIDER

227 GRAND AVENUE South San Francisco

COTTAGES

FOR SALE OR RENT

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E. E. Cunningham & Co.,

REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE

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South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company.

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REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE

CONVEYANCING NOTARY PUBLIC RENTING

Office, 310 Linden Avenue, South San Francisco, San Mateo Co.

Local Agent South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company

PECK'S LOTS—ON EASY TERMS—SAN BRUNO LOTS

OUR LETTER HEADS ARE



COME IN AND PLACE YOUR ORDER
WORK IS RIGHT --- PRICE IS RIGHT

KERESEY, FRIEND OF HOMELESS.

Altruist Ex-Policeman Who Adopted Would Be Suicide.

THE FATHER OF TEN CHILDREN

Promised to Show New York Orphan Nobody Wanted That Life Is Worth Living—Took Him to His Farm to Make a Man of Him.

When William Van Hove, an orphan, sixteen years old, was taken to the Yorkville police court in New York city the other day and charged with attempted suicide he said to Magistrate Krotel:

"What show has a kid like me to get along? Nobody wants me. Me married brudder puts me out his home 'cause I couldn't get work."

"What do you work at when you do work?" the magistrate asked.

"I can work as a grocer's boy or a butcher's boy or run errands or almost anything, but me clothes are full o' holes, an' I couldn't get a job. I'm on'y in the way, an' a kid like me's better off dead," the boy said.

Policeman Haverty of the East Fifty-first street station told the court that on Friday, Jan. 7, the boy went into a restaurant at 402 Sixth avenue and with his last nickel got a cup of hot coffee. After he drank the coffee he was drinking iodine from a vial when a waiter interrupted him. He was taken to Flower hospital, where he remained until taken to the Yorkville police court.

Found a Friend in Court.

A tall man in a fur overcoat stepped up on the court bridge and said to his honor:

"If you will turn this boy over to me I will give him a home and make a man of him. I'll be grateful to you if you will give me the opportunity of befriending one in trouble. I am interested in the down and outs, and I have another unfortunate New York boy on my farm. For reference I may inform you that Brother William, the director of the Catholic protector in Westchester, N. Y., is my brother-in-law."

"Who are you?" Magistrate Krotel asked.

"I'm Redmond P. Keresey, a retired policeman. You may have heard of me and my mount Pompey when we did duty in the Bronx and along Seventh avenue. He was a fine horse in stopping runaways and often got his and my name in the papers. He's with me now on my farm at Rye."

Keresey said that after twenty-two years in the New York police department he retired four years ago and went to live on his farm.

"The wife and I have brought up ten children, and she and I find comfort and happiness in them. I think we have had our share of luck in this world, and I attribute it to holding out a helping hand to those that need help. Three homeless boys that I took home are now doing well. One is in Wall street in a small way, and another has been successful in business."

Companions For Many Years.

Keresey went on to explain that the police department bought Pompey in 1888 when he was six years old. Keresey got him then, and the two were companions for eighteen years. In 1902 the department pronounced the horse too old for police service and put him up at auction. Keresey bought him and took him to his farm, where he had plenty to eat and no work to do. Pompey is now twenty-eight years old.

"Do you want to go with this man who offers to give you a home?" the magistrate asked the boy.

"Yes; I'll go, and thanks," the boy responded.

"You won't try to kill yourself again?"

"S' long as I have a home and work I don't want to die."

The magistrate discharged the boy, who left court with the former policeman and took the next train for Rye.

It was one of Keresey's own boys who had pointed out the newspaper paragraph telling about the youth's attempted suicide. This had suggested his action in trying to help the boy.

Rare Rug For the White House.

A very rare Persian silk rug was recently added to the White House collection. It is the gift of H. H. Tappan, the Persian consul general in New York, presented to the nation through President Taft. It is the same sort of a rug as the Persian consul general presented to the White House during the administration of President Roosevelt, except that it is not jew-

eled. The size of the rug is 6½ by 4½ feet, the background is a rich tan, and the pattern is a floral one of unusual beauty and color. The inner and outer borders are of tan and light crimson. The rug is one which has long been admired and sought for by collectors.

NEED OF MORE FARMERS.

Secretary Wilson Discusses Cause of Increased Cost of Living.

Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture at Washington says that what the United States needs are more farmers. Discussing the increased cost of living today, Mr. Wilson said that he was organizing his forces to make a thorough inquiry into the reasons underlying the difference between wholesale and retail prices of food products.

"Too many people are engaged in the business of distribution," Mr. Wilson said. "What we need is more farming. Too many people are rushing to the town and city and trying to make a living there, and not enough are staying in the country. Too many people are trying to get along without work, and not enough of them are in the business of producing something."

"One man could do the business of distribution where twenty are now engaged in it. That is the reason why the cost of living is high and people are complaining. People must learn that they cannot get along without work, and the best place for them is on the farm, where they can raise something."

THE CART BEFORE THE HORSE

New Southern Pacific Locomotives a Novelty in Motive Power.

The new locomotives of the Mallet articulated compound type for the Southern Pacific railroad are so long that if used in the ordinary way the engineer would have difficulty getting a good view of the track in front of him. So to obviate the difficulty the builders have placed the cart before the horse, as it were, and are building the locomotives to run backward with the tender attached to the pilot. The fifteen locomotives thus constructed are oil burners, as this arrangement would not be possible with coal burning engines of that type.

A bumper supporting a stub pilot and pilot coupler is secured to the main frame brace just under the cab. The cab, which is entirely inclosed, is fitted with sliding windows and is entered through side doors reached by suitable ladders. The cab fixtures are located within easy reach of the engineman, who occupies the right side of the cab, looking ahead.

Laymen's Great Mission Movement.

Men of Protestant churches in New York and within a radius of fifty miles of that city are taking keen and active interest in meetings recently begun which will continue until Sunday, Jan. 16. These meetings are arranged by the laymen's missionary movement, and the activity they arouse is significant, since they aim at world evangelization. Protestants of all denominations are working in unity to make the campaign one of tremendous success, showing that creed differences are being forgotten. The laymen's missionary movement was organized for the purpose of showing the men of America their duty to non-Christian lands and how to discharge that duty. It is hoped by the missionary movement that volunteers will be found who will go into the foreign fields to spread the work of evangelization. Pledges of large financial support to the movement have been made, and all through the United States the keenest interest is said to prevail in the work ahead. After the campaign in New York there will be rallies in many other cities, and a general convention will be held in Chicago next May, at which reports of the work will be made.

SUNSHINE JAIL FOR CHICAGO.

Glass Roof Giving Light to All Cells, Which May Kill Crime Germs.

Chicago is to have a new city jail that will be a model for all jails, according to plans now in the hands of Assistant Chief of Police Herman F. Schuettler.

Instead of being in the damp and insanitary basement all the cells, 150 in number, will be on the top floor of the building. Then instead of the regulation dark roof Chief Schuettler has provided for a heavy glass roof, so that every cell will be bathed in sunlight, making the cells cheerful and sanitary instead of breeding places for disease.

"Sunshine kills crime germs," he declares.

The roof of the building instead of being a waste space is to be devoted to an exercise room for prisoners. The roof will be flat, with a sufficiently high wall to warrant safety, and will be divided into departments for those held on different charges.

MANY SPECIAL FLAGS.

Uncle Sam Has Some Which Are Very Seldom Seen.

COLORS OF THE PRESIDENT.

Not Until 1882 Did the Chief Executive of the Nation Have a Personal Banner, but Now He Has Three, the Naval, Army and Peace Flags.

As the United States grew and the government expanded many new departments were added, and with them many special flags have come into existence. Least often seen and yet most interesting of these twenty-five or thirty special flags is that of the president of the United States. He has a wealth of them—in fact, no less than three—but they are seldom seen in public. There are two each of these flags, one of bunting and one of silk. They are exactly alike, with this exception, but the one of silk is called the "president's colors."

The president of the United States had no personal flag until 1882. If he went aboard a ship his presence was denoted by the national flag hoisted at the main truck, and his presence in a garrison or post was denoted by the raising of the big garrison flag. These were not entirely distinctive as denoting the presence of the president, for these flags were hoisted on gala occasions when the president was not around. The lack of a distinguishing flag for him was felt by the navy also, and the secretary of the navy by general orders, Aug. 19, 1882, established a flag for the president of the United States. The general orders described the flag as of blue bunting with the coat of arms of the United States in the center. The flag was to be hoisted at the main of the vessel when the president was aboard and be carried at the bow of the launch on which he came aboard.

In the army there was no distinguishing flag for the president of the United States until just before the outbreak of the Spanish-American war. Colonel Theodore Bingham, who was then superintendent of public buildings and grounds, called the attention of President McKinley to this lack of a distinguishing flag for him and stated that he thought the commander in chief of the United States army and navy ought to have a distinguishing flag. President McKinley did not like the suggestion, but the secretary of war did, and a flag was made. It was designed by Frederick D. Owen and is a beautiful thing to look at. The official description of the flag is as follows:

"The president's flag is of scarlet bunting, thirteen feet fly and eight feet hoist. In each corner is a five pointed star of five inch radius to the tips. In the center of the scarlet field is a large fifth star, also of five points, two feet nine inches in radius to the tips. Inside of this star is a parallel star, separated from it by a band of white three inches wide. The inner star forms the blue field upon which is the coat of arms of the United States. On the scarlet field around the large star are forty-six small white stars, one for each state, equally scattered in the re-entering angles and all included within the circumference of an imaginary circle three feet and a quarter in radius. In the upper point over the angle is a constellation of thirteen stars, representing the original thirteen states of the American confederation."

Mr. Owen explained that in the olive leaves, its berries and the arrows is symbolized the original thirteen. It is also not a little singular that the official seal should bear in its motto exactly thirteen letters and that the general order which created the flag was also numbered thirteen. The magnificent silken colors of the president's flag are of scarlet, and the design is embroidered upon this so exquisitely that it is impossible to tell right from wrong side when looking at the flag. The colors on the flag are what is called "proper"—that is, natural—the eagle being brown and the olive branches green, with red berries. This flag is to be displayed only in time of war.

Yet another flag has the president. In 1902 the "peace" flag was adopted. This third flag differs in a good many respects from the other two. In the first place, the great seal of the United States is correctly depicted. On the other flags the design of the seal is seven red stripes and six white ones, which is correct, as the flag design was adopted by the Third congress, but when the great seal was adopted the designer, not knowing much about the flag, as the forefathers intended, and six red stripes. And that is the seal today. There was a long discussion whether the seal should not be changed to agree with the stripes on the flag, as the forefathers intended, but it was decided that as it had

been adopted it should remain. This "peace" flag thus has the seal correctly depicted. The eagle is snow white, its feathers being outlined in deep black. There is a different arrangement of the stars and of the sunburst also. The sunburst is exactly circular in form, with the rays radiating from the group of stars. The colors are of silk with exactly the same design.—Washington Star.

A STRANGE TRIBE.

The Touaregs, to Whom Timbuktu Owes Its Origin.

A recent explorer, journeying from Tripoli across the great desert of Sahara, gives account of much opposition to his progress offered by the various wandering tribes. Much of the most serious trouble was caused by the Touaregs, a strange band of people, supposed by some to have descended from the crusaders. These dwellers of the desert are distinguished by the wearing of veils, a custom which has caused much discussion. Says Felix Dubois in "Timbuktu the Mysterious:" As you travel an atmosphere of secrecy hovers over the country, and you remember that these mysterious Touaregs are still momentarily its oppressors and masters.

These people keep their eyes from the excessive glow of the desert by two veils, one rolled round the temples and falling down in front, the other reaching from the nostrils to the edge of the clothing, covering the lower part of the face. Savants seek all manner of farfetched origins to explain this custom. Hygiene is obviously the only motive. This is proved by their own statements and by the sobriquet, "mouths for files," which they give to all who do not wear the veils.

These veils are never removed, even at mealtimes. They are so much a part of their wearers that any one deprived of such covering is unrecognized by his friends and relatives. If a number of the tribe should be killed in battle, no one could identify them if they had not on their veils.

Theft is the Touareg's natural form of industry. "This word," says a native proverb, "is like water fallen upon sand, never to be found again." The Sudanese term them as "thieves, hyenas and abandoned of God." Yet to this strange tribe Timbuktu owes its origin.

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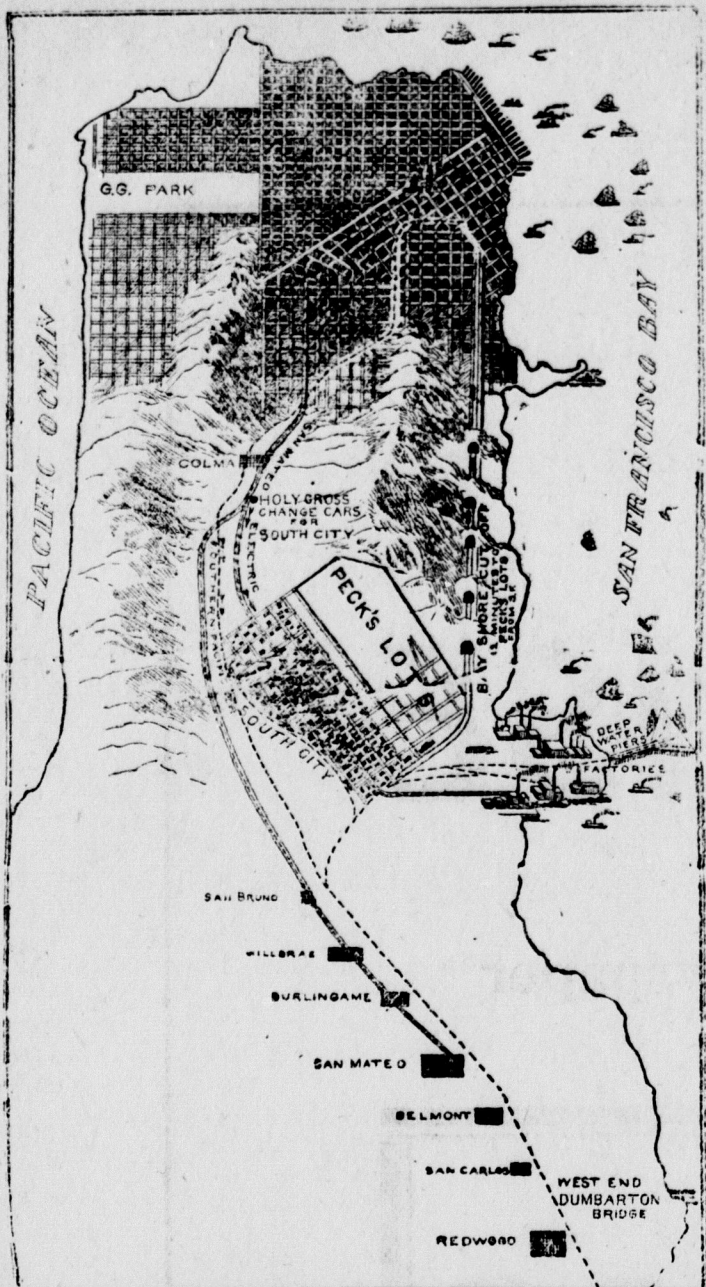
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PUBLIC FUNDS FOR TUBERCULOSIS FIGHT

As an indication of the force of the crusade against tuberculosis, the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis in a bulletin issued by it points to the fact that while 53.5 per cent of the expenditures for tuberculosis in 1909 were made from public resources, appropriations made for 1910 indicate that over 75 per cent of the money to be spent this year will be from federal, state, city and county funds.

In 1909, out of the \$8,180,621.50 spent for the prevention and treatment of tuberculosis, \$4,362,750.03 was spent from public money, and \$3,817,871.47 from funds voluntarily contributed. For the carrying on of state, federal and municipal tuberculosis work in 1910, over \$9,000,000 has been appropriated. Of this sum, the legislatures have granted \$4,100,000, and municipal and county bodies, \$3,975,500 and the federal government, \$1,000,000.

In the States in which the most preventive anti-tuberculosis work has been done, the percentage of public funds spent is the highest, while in states where little or no effort has been made to prevent tuberculosis, and the treatment of the disease along has been considered the percentage of public expenditures is very low. For instance of the \$1,600,000 spent in New York in 1909, nearly 60 per cent was from state and city funds. In Massachusetts nearly two-thirds was from public money; in Maryland about one-half; and in Pennsylvania three-fourths.

In Colorado, on the other hand, less than 1 per cent was from public money; in California about 15 per cent, and in Arizona none at all. These facts indicate, the National Association declares, that wherever an aggressive educational campaign has been carried on by private organizations, states and cities have been induced to make liberal appropriations for the prevention of tuberculosis.

Twelve years ago, Massachusetts made the first appropriation for a state sanatorium. Since that time, over \$10,000,000 has been appropriated by state legislatures for the prevention of

tuberculosis and about an equal sum by municipal and county authorities. The federal government has over \$1,000,000 invested in tuberculosis hospitals, and spends annually about \$500,000 in their maintenance. Every year the percentage of appropriations made from public funds for tuberculosis work has increased.

While private societies have led the way in the tuberculosis campaign, every effort has been made to have states, cities and counties do their share. The bulletin of the National Association states that the final success of the anti-tuberculosis crusade depends on every city and state providing funds to treat and prevent consumption.

THE "KNOW-YOUR-CITY" MOVEMENT IN THE NORTHWEST.

Once men believed that a man governed by "divine right," now they assume that he must have been in league with the devil to get the job. Because wide-spread evils have crept into city politics in the United States, there has arisen in recent years an undiscriminating disposition to stigmatize municipal officers. "He was once our mayor, so he can't be any good," is an extreme form of statement made by a young who ought to have known better.

Wholesale criticism of public servants has reached such a point that many honest and capable citizens hesitate to enter local politics, through dread of the newspaper ridicule and notoriety it will bring them.

Yet a discriminating criticism and a discriminating interest on the part of citizens is the true hope of our democracy. The difficulty is not that there is too much criticism, but that what criticism there is takes the form of a general kick at all things official. Yet how can we be discriminating? How many of us know what a city council looks like, or have ever been face to face with our mayor, or realize what problems the city engineer meets when he compels property owners to lay out streets with reference to a certain plan? How many of us know even in a superficial manner, what organizations and boards we have in our cities?—Anna Louise Strong in the February Pacific Monthly.

CALIFORNIA FACTS

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Poultry raising pays big profit in California.

California climate permits everybody to work out doors all year round.

There is great demand for farm labor in California.

While improving a farm your spare time will be used by neighbors at good wages.

California grows anything found in temperate zone countries.

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HILLCREST NEWS.

Mrs. Smith, formerly of the Mission-Tract Bakery, has opened a first-class bakery and restaurant in the old restaurant formerly occupied by Gale Van Scoyk.

Miss Thais Kirkpatrick, who has been sick for the past two weeks, is able to be out again.

It is rumored that the residents of Crocker Tract, Hillcrest, Mission-Tract and Vista Grande are now contemplating the building of one school house instead of two, as formerly talked of. The new site is to be located as near the center of all residents as possible, which would be in the Hillcrest Tract, near the top of the hill.

The residents of Hillcrest have been erecting street signs and numbering the houses, and expect to get a house-to-house mail delivery as soon as completed, the same as the Crocker Tract residents have had for some time.

A large number of residents were out the last few evenings with their field glasses to look at the comet which can be seen very clearly from this place.

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